Syllabus and Regulations Auxiliary Nurse and Midwives

Indian Nursing Council

Combined Council Building, Kotla Road, Temple Lane, New Delhi -110002

Admission Terms and Condition

- 1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st December of the year in which admission is sought.
- 2. The maximum age for admission shall be 30 years.
- 3. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of 12 years of schooling (10+2 year course) recognized by CBSE/ICSE/SSSCE/HSCE or a recognized equivalent examination.

I Medical Fitness

Admission is subject to satisfactory medical examination report.

Course of Study

First Year

	Nursing Courses	Class ro	om hours	irs Experience			
Sr. No.	Course title and description	Theory	Demon stration	Total	Hospital	Community	Total
Ι	Community Health Nursing	120	50	170	10	100	110
	Health Promotion	120	75	195	20	180	200
	A. Nutrition	35	30	65			
	B. Human body and Hygiene	35	20	55			
	C. Environmental Sanitation	20	15	35			
	D. Mental helath	30	10	40			
III	Primary health care nursing I-	130	150	280	90	300	390
	A. Infection and Immunization	25	20	45			
	B. Communicable disease	40	25	65			
	C. Community Helath Problems	30	50	80			
	D. Primary Medical care	20	20	40			
	E. First Aid and Referral	25	35	60			

IV	Child health nursing	75	110	185	80	100	180
	Total hours	450	385	835	200	680	880
	Total= 1720hours						

Second Year (First six months)

	Nursing Courses	Class room hours		Experience			
Sr.	Course Title and	Theory	Demonstration	Total	Hospital	Community	Total
No.	descirption						
V	Midwifery	200	160	360	220	160	380
VI	Health centre Management	40	40	80	-	60	60
	Total hours	240	200	440	220	220	440

Total= 880 hours

Second Year (Internship-six months)

Sr. No.	Nursing Courses	Experien	Experience			
	Course title and description	Hospital	Community	Total		
i	Midwifery	240	240	480		
	• Antenatal ward	40				
	• Intranatal/ labour room	120				
	• Post natal ward	40				
	• Neonatal care unit	40				
ii	Child Health	80	160	240		
iii	Community health and health center management		160	160		
	Total hours			880		

Total= 880 hours in the internship period

Grand total- 1760 hrs.

Guidelines for intership:

a. The ANM students (in a group of 4-5) should beposted in the sub center/ primary health centre with a regular ANM for one month/ 4 weeks for super vised independent practice in the community which should be residential.

- b. The students should participate in all National Health and Family Welfare programms during their clinical experience.
- c. At least 80% of all the clinical requirements should be completed before appreating for the final (second year) examination.
- d. The principal of the ANM School should certify for each student that she has undergone successfully the internship program completed 100% of the clinical requirements and acquired the requisite competencies as listed in the syllabus before the award of the certificate/ diploma by the state nursing council/ examination board.
- e. The casebook and competency record book should be completed and signed by the competent authority of the school before appearing for the second year practical examination.

Scheme of Examination:

Theory and practical examinations at the end of the first year

Paper	Course	External Assessment	Internal Asessment	Duration
Theory	Community Health	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-I	Nursing			
Theory	Health Promotion	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-II				
Theory	Primary Health Care	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-III	Nursing			
Theory	Child Health Nursing	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-IV				
Practical I	Community Health	100	100	-
	Nursing and Health			
	promotion			
Practical II	Child Health Nursing	100	100	-
	Total	500	300	-

Grnad total for first year 800 marks.

Paper	Course	External	Internal	Duration
		Assessment	Assessment	
Theory	Midwifery	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper V				
Theory	Helath Centre management	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper VI				
Practical	Midwifery	100	100	-
III				
Practical	Primary Health care nursing	100	100	3 hrs.
IV	and helath center			
	management			

Thepry and practical examinations at the end of the course, (Second Year)

Grand total for second year 600 marks

Note

Question paper for Nursing courses to be set by qualified nursing teachers only.

The venue for practical examination shall be Government District Hospital for

all the students of government and private ANM institutions.

Practical examination should be for only 10 students per day.

Supplementary examination should be conducted at six monthly intervals for the failures.

Internal assessment should be done on class test, assignments, report of visits and group work.

All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas and on patients.

One internal and One external examiners should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.

Community Health Nursing

Theory- 120 hours Demonstration- 50 hours Total- 170 hours

Learning objectives;

On completion of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Describe the concept of community health, primary health (-are.
- 2. Understand health policies, plans and programmes of the country,
- 3. Understand the concept of community.
- 4. Appreciate the role of the health team.
- 5. Demonstrate home visit techniques and practices in the community
- 6. Describe structure, function, characteristics and administrative set up of a community.
- 7. Identify leaders, resources persons, community-based organizations, NGOs, and local resources.
- 8. Identify community health needs and problems
- 9. Describe concepts and methods of communication for health information.
- 10. Describe the purposes, principles and methods of health counseling.

Unit	Т	ime	Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(F	Irs.)	outcomes		Learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1.	10		and explain itsdimensionsList determinantsof health	 changing concepts. Dimensions of health Determinants of health Primary health care, definition, 	 Lecture discussion. Posters.
2.	10		 Describe health concepts and practices of community. Enumerate health related cultural beliefs and practices 	 Community Health practices Health concepts of people and health care providers. Health behaviours, beliefs and cultural practices of community. Ethics and behaviour related to community practices. Method of home visiting. 	 Lecture discussion. Practice session. Demonstration
3.	15	5	 Describe National health problems Explain specific health programmes at National, state and community levels Trends and 	 Health problems and policies Overview of health problems of communities in India. 	• Lecture discussion.

		development in national health programmes and policies • National health programmes and its implementation at community level. • Role and functions of Accredited Social health Activists (ASHA), Anganwadi worker, Dai etc.		
4. 1	0 5	 Explain the organization of health services at different levels Describe the referral system. Explain the Role of National and International health agencies and Non-Governmental Organisations 	 Health Organization Organization of SC, PHC, CMC and district hospital. Organization of health care delivery system at different levels Referral system Health agencies: International: WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNDPA, World Bank, FAO, DANIDA, European Commission. Red Cross, US aid, UNESCO. Colombo Plan, ILO, CARE etc. National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child welfare, Family planning association 	 Lecture discussion. Field Visits to various available organizations.

			• Describe health team with special focus on the ANM\ FHW	of India etc • Non-Governmental organizations Role of health team. • Team concept and Functions of the health team • Role and Responsibilities of ANM \ FHW • Code of ethics for ANM	 Lecture discussion. Observation of activities rendered by the health team members.
6	10	5	 Describe physical structure of village and urban area Identify social groups, organizations and leaders • Explain administrative set up at the village 	Structure of community • Rural community- . Characteristics, changes in the village community development, major rural problems • Urban Community- Characteristics, changes and adjustments to urban environment, major urban problems • Village: Physical structure - Administrative set up • Function of Panchayat • 73 ^r " and 74 th amendments to Constitution and role of Panchayat in health. • Structure of an urban community slum	 Lecture discussion. Field visits: village mapping, slum mapping, resource mapping. Drawing of Panchayat structure and urban wards. Listing of formal and informal leaders groups in the community. Visit to a village and meet Panchayat members, visit block office. List their role in health care.

				Social groups	
				organizations. leaders	
				Community	
				resources	
	10				
7.	10	5	 Describe the interaction between different groups and communities within the village Describe social traditions and customs in the village. 	 Dynamics of community Social processes- individual and process of socialisation Interaction between different social groups in the village. Traditions and customs and their influence on health. Social stratification: Influence of Class. Caste and Race on health and health practices Family and marriage: Types Changes & 	 Lecture discussion. Interaction with different groups in the village. Prepare a list of different customs and traditions.
				• Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India - marriage a els	
8.	20	6	• Demonstrate methods of community need assessment	 Scope and Methods of community need assessment Survey: Planning Preparation of tools: questionnaires, interview schedules, check list etc Community survey: Principles and methods: data collection, conducting interviews, focus group discussions 	 Lecture discussion. Preparation of questionnaire Field visits/ community: Conduct survey.

					1
				(FGD) and case	
				studies	
				 Participatory 	
				learning for	
				action(PLA)	
				 Analysis of data, 	
				Preparation of report	
9.	20	15	• Explain the	Communication	Lecture
			concept, principles	methods & media	discussion.
			and methods of	• Principles, Methods	Demonstration
			communication	and Process of	of different
			• Prepare simple	communication.	methods of
			and low cost aids	• Inter personal	communication
			of communication.	relationship (IPR):	• Role/Play.
			 Conduct health 	communication with	5
			education	different groups and	• Prepare health
				health team members.	messages using
				• Types and use of AV	different media
				aids	and methods.
				• Use of local folk	• Preparation of
				methods and media for	IEC material.
				disseminating health	• Practice using
				messages.	one folk method.
				BCC(Behavioural	Preparation of
				change	health education
				communication), IEC	plan
				(Information,	Conduct BCC
				Education and	session.
				communication):	• Evaluate and
				Aims, Scope, concept	follow up of
				and approaches	health education.
				 Teaching learning 	neurin education.
				process, concept,	
				characteristics, steps of	
				learning,	
				characteristics of	
				learner	
				 Principles, methods 	
				of teaching	
				 Planning of health 	
				education activities:	
				equivalion activities.	

10.	5	5	• Explain concept and principles of	 Role and responsibilities of ANM's/Health workers in BCC Counseling. Concept, Principles 	• Lecture discussion.
			 counseling Describe the technique of counseling Describe role of counsellor 	 and Techniques of counseling. Identifying needs and areas for counseling in the community. Role of counselor Role of ANM/ Female Health worker as counselor 	• Conduct counseling session and follow up.
11.	5	2	 State health conditions where rehabilitation is required. List the various resources available in a community. 	Community based rehabilitation • Health Conditions needing rehabilitation • Community Resources available • Educate individuals, family and community.	 Lecture discussion Case discussion

- Health organizational chart.
- Return demonstration of home visit.
- Field visits
- Preparation of IEC material
- Demonstration of counseling technique.
- Village mapping.
- Community survey.

HEALTH PROMOTION

Theory - 120 hours Demonstration - 75 hours Total - 195 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Explain importance of nutrition in health and sickness.
- 2. Promote nutrition of a individual, family and community
- 3. Explain principles of hygiene and its effect on health.
- 4. Describe hygiene for self and individuals.
- 5. Describe importance of environmental sanitation and waste management.
- 6. Promote mental health of individual, family and community

A. Nutrition

Theory - 35 hrs.

Demonstration - 30 hrs.

Total - 65 hrs.

Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs	.)	outcomes		Learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	10	5	 List essential nutrients Describe classification of food and their nutritive values and functions. Explain importance of nutrition in health and sickness. 	 Essential nutrients Importance of nutrition in health and sickness Essential nutrients, functions, sources and requirements Classification of foods and their nutritive value 	 Lecture discussion. Explain using Models and Charts. Exhibit raw food item showing balanced diet

			Dlan halanaad	• Normal	
			• Plan balanced	• Normal	
			diet for different	requirements at	
			age groups	different ages.	
				Balanced diet for	
				different age group	
2.	10	5	• Identify	Nutritional	• Lecture
			malnutrition and	problems	discussion.
			nutritional	Nutritional	• Visit ICDs project
			deficiencies.	deficiencies:	and discuss the
			 Counsel women 	• Deficiencies,	program.
			with anaemia.	correction,	Explain using
			• Describe special	treatment and	Models and Charts.
			diet for sick.	referral - protein	• Planning diets for
			• Explain role of	energy malnutrition	anemic women and
			ANM's/FHW/	Vitamin and	other deficiency
			AWWs.	mineral	conditions
				deficiencies:	
				Nutritional anaemia	
				in women	
				• Under five	
				nutrition	
				• The role of	
				ANM's/ FHW/	
				AWWs in	
				supplementary food.	
				• Special diets of	
				individuals for	
				different age group.	
3.	5	5	Assess nutritional	Nutritional	• Lecture
5.	5	5	status of individual	assessment	discussion.
			and family.	Methods of	Demonstration
			Identify local	nutritional	• Field visits.
			-		• Field visits.
			foods for enriching	assessment of individual and	
			diet.		
			• Identify good	family: mother and	
			food habits from	child	
			harmful food fads	• Identification of	
			and customs.	local food sources	
				and their value in	
				enriching diet.	

				• Food fads, taboos,	
				customs and their	
				influence on health.	
4.	10	15	 Plan diet for a 	Promotion of	• Lecture
			family	nutrition	discussion.
			 Counsel for 	 Planning diets 	• Plan diet for
			improving diet of	and special diets	the family
			the family.	for a family	assigned.
			• Demonstrate safe	• Methods of using	• Health
			preparation and	locally available	education.
			cooking methods.	foods for special	• Visit a milk
			 Explain methods 	diet	pasteurization
			of safe	 Principles and 	plant.
				methods of	 Demonstration
				cooking	of various
				 Promotion of 	methods of
				kitchen gardens	cooking.
				 Food hygiene and 	
				safe preparation	
				 Storage and 	
				preservation	
				 Food adulteration 	
				 Precautions 	
				during festivals	
				and Melas.	

- Cooking of special diet.
- Nutrition education to a group.
- Planning diet of a family assigned.

B. Human body and hygiene

Theory - 35 hrs.
Demonstration - 20 hrs.
Total - 55 hrs

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Expected outcomes	Contents	Teaching
		Demo			Learning Activities
1.	20		 Describe the structure and functions of the various systems of body State (unctions of different organs. 	 Structure and functions of human body. Body systems and their functions digestive system respirator' system. genito urinary system, cardiovascular system, nervous system, muscular system, endocrine system, 	 Lecture discussion. Identification of body parts. Explain using Models and Charts.
2.	5	15	 Understand importance of personal hygiene for self and individuals health. Care for sick to maintain their personal hygiene and comfort 	 special sensory organs. Hygiene of the body Personal and individual hygiene Care of mouth skin, hair and nails. Sexual hygiene Menstrual hygiene. Hygiene and comforts needs of the Sick: Care of skin: Bath sponging, back care, care of pressure points, position changing, Care of hair: hair wash Care of hand and nails: hand washing 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration.

	~		a State the basis	 Care of eyes: eye wash, Mouth care: Elimination Care of bowels and bladder 	
3.	5	5	 State the basic human needs. Explain importance of fulfilling these basic needs. 	 Optimal functioning of the body Basic human needs Rest, sleep, activity, exercise, posture etc Food, eating and drinking habits Participation in social activities. Self-actualisation and spiritual need. Interpersonal and human relations Lifestyle and healthy habits. 	 Lecture discussion. Health education regarding healthy life style.

- Preparation of anatomy practical book
- Return demonstration of personal hygiene including care of various organs of body.

C. Environmental Sanitation

Theory - 20 hrs. Demonstration - 15 hrs. Total - 35 hrs.

Unit	Time	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching
	Th.	Demo	Outcomes		learning Activities
1	5	2	Explain the importance of basic sanitation at home and in the community.	 Environmental Sanitation Environment and ecology for healthy living: basic sanitary needs. Air, sunlight and ventilation. Home environment -: smoke, animals, water, drains and toilets etc. 	 Lecture discussion. Case study.
2	5	4	 Describe the importance of safe water for health. Describe methods of purifications of water. 	 Safe water Sources of water & characteristics of safe water - sources of contamination and prevention. Purification of water for drinking : methods- small and large scale. Disinfections of well, tube well tank and pond in a village. Waterborne diseases and prevention. 	 Lecture discussion. Village mapping: water sources, drains, ponds and contamination areas. Visit to a water purification plant.
3	5	4	• Explain the importance of safe	Disposal of excreta and waste.	• Lecture discussion.

			disposal of waste and its role in prevention of diseases.State the hazards due to waste	 Methods of excreta disposal - types of latrine. Handling animal excreta. Methods of waste disposal Hazards due to waste 	 Demonstration. Visit to sewage disposal unit and sanitary latrine
4	5	5	Involve community in sanitation activities. Educate community for safe disposal of different types of waste.	 Community participation Drainage and preparation of soak pits. Maintaining healthy environment within and around village - cleaning and maintenance of village drains, ponds and wells. Common waste, excreta and animal waste - disposal in the village. 	 Lecture discussion. Construction of a small scale soak pit at school or health centre premises. Disinfection of a well, tube well along with village leaders or members of community. Organize village meeting.

- Purification of water at home, community
- Disinfections of a well/tube well.
- Construction of a small scale soak pit.
- Health education for use of sanitary latrine.

D. Mental Health

Theory - 30 hrs. Demonstration - 10 hrs. Total - 40 hrs.

Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
			-		C
	(Hrs	.)	Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	10	2	 Explain relationship between body and mind. Identify the factors necessary for normal mental health Educate for promoting mental health . 	 Mental Helath Concept of mental health Body-mind Relationship. Factors influencing mental health. Characteristics of a mentally healthy person. Developmental tasks of different age groups Different defense mechanisms 	 Lecture discussion. Observation. Use of quesliormaire to do assessment for mental health status.
2.	3	2	 Identify causes of maladjustment Educate family in solving problems. 	Maladjustment • Features of a maladjusted individual. • Common causes of maladjustment. • Counselling an individual, family and community.	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration of counselling for maladjusted individual in the community.
3.	12	4	 Identify signs of mental illness. Identify them early and refer. Guide family members in home 	Mental illness • Identify abnormal behaviours. • Types of mental illnesses and treatments.	 Lecture discussion. Visit to a mental hospital/ clinic.

			care • Counsel for prevention of mental illness.	 Early detection and referral of mentally ill Prevention of mental illness Home care and counselling Refer psychiatric emergencies. 	
4.	5	2	 Explain process of ageing. Identify characteristics of elderly Provide need based care. 	Old age care • Process of ageing - physical, psychological changes. • Needs and problems • Care of elderly at home. • Rehabilitation and agencies of caring elderly.	 Lecture discussion. If available visit an old age home.

- Assessment of mental health status of Individual
- Care plan for an elderly person at home.

Primary Health Care-

(Prevention of Disease and Restoration of Health)

Theory - 130 hours Demonstration - 150 hours Total - 280 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course student will be able to :

- 1. Explain concept of infection and causation of diseases.
- 2. Describe body defense mechanisms and development of immunity against diseases
- 3. Perform immunization effectively.
- 4. Describe different methods of disinfections and sterilization.
- 5. Describe common communicable diseases and their management.
- 6. Explain prevention of common communicable diseases and their control.
- 7. Describe care of the sick in community with common ailments and refer if required.
- 8. Explain recognition of conditions related to different body systems.
- 9. Describe and demonstrate routes of administration of drugs
- 10. List common drugs used for emergencies and minor ailments, their indications, dosage and actions

A. Infection and Immunization

Theory - 25 hours Demonstration - 20 hours Total - 45 hours

Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs.)		Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	2	-	 Understand concept of occurrence of diseases Describe classification of diseases. 	 Concept of disease. Concept and definition of illness Disease causation Classification of diseases. 	 Lecture discussion. Explain using Charts.
2	4	2	 Understand process of infection. Describe characteristics of microbes Narrate methods of spread of infection State factors affecting spread of infection. 	 Infection Meaning and types of infection. Causes of infection Classification and characteristics of micro organisms: Pathogenic and Non-pathogenic Incubation period and spread of infection transmission Factors affecting growth and destruction of microbes. 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain using microscepe.
3	6	2	 Understand body defence mechanism State types of immunity Describe different types of vaccine and their 	 Immunity and body defense mechanisms Body's defense mechanism Immunity - concept Hypersensitivity: Antigen antibody reaction 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Field visits for cold chain.

			preservation.	 Types of immunity Types of vaccines Storage and care - cold chain maintenance. 	
4	6	4	 State immunization schedule Give immunization Organize immunization camps Prepare articles for immunization Participate in special drives. 	Immunization • Immunization against different infections - immunization schedule • Injection safety • Methods of administering vaccine • Sterilization of syringes and needles. • Immunization in the community • Immunization Hazards • Precautions while giving vaccines • Special immunization drives and programmes. • Records and reports	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Posters on immunization schedule Visit immunization camp/ outreach camp
5	2	4	 Collect specimens correctly Handle body discharges safely Give health education for disposal of body discharges. 	 Collection of specimen Principles and methods of collection of specimens and handling body discharges. Collection of specimens of blood, sputum, urine, stool Safe disposal of 	 Lecture discussion. Preparation of malaria slide. Collection of sputum. Collection of urine and stool. Labeling of the specimens.

		1		1 1 1 1	TT ¹ 1 1
				body discharges.	• Visit to the
					laboratory
6.	3	6	• Explain	Disinfection and	• Lecture
			difference	sterilization	discussion.
			between	 Principles and 	 Demonstration
			antisepsis,	methods of antisepsis,	• Visit
			disinfection and	disinfection and	sterilization
			sterilization	sterilization	department of a
			• Describe the	• Methods of	hospital.
			principles of	disinfecting different	-
			antisepsis,	equipments	
			disinfection and	• Methods of	
			sterilization	sterilizing different	
			• Perform	equipments	
			disinfections and	-1-1-1	
			sterilization of		
			various		
			equipments		
7.	2	2	Explain the	Waste Disposal	• Lecture
/.	2	2	methods of waste	Waste disposals-	discussion
			disposal	infectious and non-	
			disposal	infectious:	 Demonstration
				concepts.	
				principles, and	
				methods at	
				different levels	

- Demonstration of sterilization of syringes and needles/using pressure cooker/ small autoclave
- Demonstration of preparation of Malaria slides.
- Techniques of vaccination
- Assignment on cold chain system.
- Prepare poster/chart on immunization schedule.
- Demonstrate different methods of waste disposable

B. Communicable Diseases

Theory - 40 hrs. Demonstration 25 hrs. Total - 65 hrs.

Unit	Time	9	Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs	.)	Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1.	7	5	 Understand epidemiological concept of occurrence of diseases. Describe levels of prevention and general measures for control of communicable diseases. Explain importance of Surveillance. notification reporting. 	Introduction to communicable diseases • Common communicable diseases; Epidemiological concepts - Incidence and prevalence, mortality and morbidity. • Levels of prevention • Control and prevention of communicable diseases General measures • Surveillance, isolation, notification. reporting.	 Lecture discussion Calculation of mortality and morbidity for different diseases. Visit isolation unit Surveillance
9	25	5	 Describe signs and symptoms of different communicable diseases. Explain preventive measures for different communicable diseases. 	Communicable diseases. • Signs, Symptoms, care and prevention of the following: - Diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles and tuberculosis - Chicken pox,	 Lecture discussion. Visit infectious disease hospital / center. Demonstration. Supervised Clinical Practice.

3.	6	8	 Describe care and referral for different communicable diseases. State the principles of care of infectious cases. Enumerate Standard safety measures Understand preventive measures Provide health education 	mumps, rubella, enteric fever, hepatitis, rabies, malaria, dengue, filaria, kala-azar trachoma, conjunctivitis, scabies, STDs and HIV/AIDS - Encephalitis - Leptospirosis - Acute respiratory infections. - Diarrhoeal diseases - Worm infestations - leprosy. - Role and responsibilities of health worker/ANM Care in communicable diseases - Care of patients with communicable diseases. - Isolation methods. - Standard safety measures (Universa precautions) - Health education and messages for different communicable diseases. - Role and responsibilities of health worker /ANM	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Prepare health education messages Prepare chart on Standard safety measures.
				health worker /ANM	
4.	2	7	• Identify causes of	Epidemic	• Lecture

	epidemics • Define role of health worker/ ANM in relief work.	Management • Definitions and causes of epidemics. • Epidemic enquiry in a community and epidemic mapping • Relief work and role of health worker/	discussion. • Community mapping. • Health Education.
		ANM.	

- Suggested activities of Evaluation
 Preparation of surveillance report
 Conduct Health education
- Demonstration on :-•
- Standard safety measures in Nursing Practice

C. Community Health Problems

Theory - 30 hrs. Demonstration 50 hrs. Total - 80 hrs.

Unit	Tim	ρ	Expected	Contents	Teaching
Cint			-	Contents	C
	(Hrs	.)	Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	3	10	 Identify common health problems in the community Perform health assessment of individual Render care to the sick at home Advise family members in care of sick 	Care of the sick in the community • Common health conditions in the community -danger signs of illnesses. • Health assessment: Taking history, Physical examination: Vital signs. Weight, Height: recognition of abnormalities • Identification of health problems • Management of the sick: home and community nursing procedures, care of the sick, referral • Health education: individual and family	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Supervised clinical practice. Health education
2.	3	8	 Check and record vital signs Describe stages of fever List common conditions causing fever Provide care to patients with fever 	Fever • Vital signs: Temperature, pulse, respiration, blood, pressure • Temperature maintenance and the physiology of fever • Fever: Types and stages • Causes of fever -	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Supervised clinical practice.

				common conditions causing fever, malaria, typhoid, Acute respiratory Infection (ARI) etc	
				 Nursing management of patient with fever Alternate system of medicine 	
3.	4	6	 Enumerate causes, sign and symptoms respiratory problems Provide Care to patients with respiratory infections. State common home remedies and their application. 	Respiratory problems • Common respiratory problems: types, classifications- cold and cough, ARI, Asphyxia, tonsillitis, asthma, bronchitis pneumonia and tuberculosis • Causes, sign and symptoms, treatment of respirator problems • Management: Role and responsibilities of ANM/health workers in care of respiratory problems including Home care remedies. • Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Demonstration of steam inhalation, nasal drops, oxygen inhalation Health education discussion Demonstration. Supervised clinical practice. Health education
4.	2.	2	 Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary. 	Aches and pains • Causes and nursing management of : Tooth ache, ear ache, abdominal pain, headache, joint pains. • Management as per the standing orders and protocols • Role of ANM/health	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Health education

				 worker in the community including Home care remedies Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH 	
5.	3	4	 Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary 	Digestive problems • indigestion. anorexia, vomiting, distension and Constipation • Haemorrhoids. hernia, ulcers and intestinal obstruction • Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. • Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education
6.	3	3	 Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary. 	 Urinary problems Signs and symptoms of renal conditions Retention of urine, renal colic, edema Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education
7	3	3	 Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary 	Cardiovascular problem • Signs and symptoms of cardiac conditions and blood related problems: heart attack, chest pain, anemia, • hypertension and	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education

r	1				1
				leukemia	
				• Care of a cardiac	
				patient at home	
				• Role of ANM/health	
				worker in the	
				community including	
				Home care remedies.	
				• Integrate accepted	
				practices of AYUSH	
8	2	3	Identify cause	Diseases of the	• Lecture
			and provide care	nervous system	discussion.
			and support	• Signs and symptoms	• Demonstration.
			• Refer when	of neurological	• Health education.
			necessary	problems - Headache,	
			necessary	backache and paralysis	
				• Care of a patient with	
				stroke at home.	
				Care of pressure	
				points, back care	
				changing of positions,	
				active and passive	
				-	
				exercises, body support	
				to prevent contractures. • Role of ANM/health	
				worker in the	
				community including Home care remedies.	
				• Integrate accepted	
9	3	4	• Idontify cause	practices of AYUSH	• Lecture
7	3	4	• Identify cause	Metabolic diseases	• Lecture discussion.
			and provide care	• Diabetes - signs and	
			and support	symptoms,	• Demonstration.
			• Refer when	complications diet and	• Health education
			necessary	medications	
			• Give insulin	• Skin care, foot care	
			injection	• Urine testing and	
			Counsel for	administration of	
			prevention of	insulin injection.	
			complications	 Integrate accepted 	
				practices of AYUSH	

10	2	4	 Identify the conditions provide care to relieve pain Prevent complications and refer 	Diseases of musculo skeletal system • Signs and symptoms of sprain, tear of ligaments and arthritis. • Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Case study. Health education
11	2	3	 Identify need of handicapped Ensure need base care at home 	Care of handicap • Handicaps - different types • Counselling for prevention of certain handicaps • Understandings the handicapped person • Helping family to ensure need based care	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Case study.

Demonstration of

- Urine testing for albumin and sugar.
- Urinary catheterization
- Local application of cold and hot
- Plain water enema
- Checking of B.P. and TPR
- Disease conditions.

D. Primary Medical Care

Theory - 20 hrs.

Demonstration - 20 hrs.

Total - 40 hrs.

Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs.)		Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	5	4	• Name different systems of	Types of drugs • Different Systems of medicine: allopathic and	Lecture discussion.Calculation of

			ma di cima	AXZIGH	dagage en 1
			medicine	AYUSH	dosage and
			• Understand	• Classifications of drugs	conversion.
			abbreviations	• Forms and	• Drug study.
			Calculate	characteristics of drugs	
			dosages of	• Abbreviations used in	
			medicines	medication	
			 Understand 	• Administration of drugs:	
			classification	Policies and regulations, as	
			of drugs.	per protocols and standing	
				orders	
				Calculation of dosage	
2	5	10	• Demonstrate	Administration of drugs	• Lecture
			administration	• Routes of administration	discussion.
			of drugs	-Oral, parentral	• Demonstration.
			• Explain	(intradermal,	Practice
			importance of	intramuscular,	session
			observations	subcutaneous, Intra	 Preparation
			and recording.	venous), rectal, local and	and
				others.	administration of
				• Administration of drugs:	IV fluids as per
				Precautions, principles	protocol
				Observations and	 Preparation for
				recording.	blood
					transfusion as
					per protocol.
3	5	2	Administer	Drugs used in minor	• Lecture
			drugs for minor	ailments	discussion.
			ailments	Common drugs for	• Visit
			• Explain the	fever, cold and cough,	subcentre.
			care of drugs.	aches and pains etc.	• Demonstration
				• Drug kit in the	
				subcentre. content and its	
				use	
				• Storage and care of	
				drugs	
4	5	4	Administer	Common emergency	Lecture
			emergency	drugs	discussion.
			drugs	• Methergine,	•
			following	misoprostol injection	Demonstration
			precautions.	I J	• Drug study.
l	I	I	r reconciono.	I	Ling bludy.

	oxytocin, IV fluids,
	antibiotics, injection and
	magnesium sulphate
	deriphylline, avil and
	other antihistaminic,
	pelhecline, vitamin K,
	antirabies vaccine, anti
	snake venoms as per the
	protocol
	Precautions for
	administration
	Storage and Care of
	emergency drugs

- Preparation of list of common drugs used in sub centre, their action dosages and use.
- Demonstration of administration of medication by different routes
- Drug study

E. First Aid and Referral

Theory - 25 hrs.
Demonstration - 35 hrs.
Total - 60 hrs.

	-				1 otal - 60 hrs.
Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs.)		Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	2	7	 Understand principle of first aic care Use first aid kit Demonstrate different type of bandages 	 Need for First Aid Principles of first aid Mobilization of resources Fist aid kit & supplies. Bandages: Types, Uses Principles and methods of 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice session.

	T			bandaging	
2.	10	5	• Demonstrate first aid care for Cuts and wounds, Foreign bodies, Burns and scalds •, Health education and referral	Minor Injuries and ailments • Cuts and wounds : types, principles and first aid care • Foreign bodies • Burns and scalds types, principles and first aid care • Health education and referral • Role of ANM/health worker	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice session Supervised clinical practice. Health education
3.	5	8	 Identify different bones Describe types of fracture Apply splints and bandages Transfer fractured patients correctly. 	 Fractures Skeletal system and different bones. Fractures: Types. Causes, signs and symptoms, first aid care, Methods of immobilization and transportation. 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice session
4.	8.	15	• Follow principles of first aid and provide care in different emergencies	Life Threatening Conditions • Bleeding • Drowning • Strangulation, suffocation and asphyxia • Loss of consciousness • Cardio respiratory arrest	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Nasal pack Apply tourniquet. BLS demonstration. Insertion of naso gastric tube

		 Convulsions Foreign bodies Chest injuries Shock and allergic conditions Poisoning, bites and stings Stroke Heat stroke Severe burn 	• Practice session
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- Demonstration of following:
- 1. Wound care
- 2. Splints, slings, bandages
- 3. Transportation of casualties
- 4. BLS Basic Life Supports
- 5. Naso gastric tube insertion
- 6. Care during different emergencies

Child Health Nursing

Theory - 75 hours Demonstration - 110 hours Total - 185 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Assess growth and development of a child at different ages.
- 2. Describe nutritional needs of different age groups of children.
- 3. Provide care to sick children during their common illness.
- 4. Describe school health programme
- 5. Describe ' Rights' of children
- 6. Educate mothers and family member as per need of their children.

Unit	Time		Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs.)		Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1.	20	20	 Assess growth and development in infants and children Maintain 'road to health' chart Explain the needs of a child Describe the care of a normal child State the common accidents in children and their protection 	 Growth & development Introduction to Growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development in infants and children: Assessment Physical, psychological and social development of children 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using road to health chart. Health education Visit a school.

				 Monitoring and recording of growth and development of infants and children Care of infants and children - play, hygiene, emotional needs training for bowel and urination Accidents: causes, precautions and prevention. Congenital anomalies 	
2.	20	20	 Explain the importance of breast feeding Educate mothers regarding breast feeding Explain complimentary feeding Educate for nutrition of children according to age 	Nutrition of infants and children • Exclusive Breast feeding • Nutritional requirements • Complementary feeding • Problems of feeding • Breast feeding Counselling • Infant feeding and HIV • Baby friendly hospital initiative	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration.
3	5	10	 Describe the rights of children State the steps for prevention of child labour and child abuse. 	Children's Rights • Convention of Rights of the Child • Prevention of child labour • Abuse and legal protection • Special care of girl child.	 Lecture discussion. Survey the areas where child labour is used in the community.

				• Female infanticide	
4.	10	35	 Provide care to the sick children Identify the signs and symptoms of common childhood disorders Identify signs of high risk in case of ARI and Diarrhoea Educate mother and family members regarding prevention of illness. 	Care of the sick child • Common childhood disorders: • Signs, symptoms and management. • Vaccine for preventable diseases • Acute Respiratory tract infections • Diarrhoea vomiting, constipation • Tonsillitis and mumps • Ear infections • Worm infestation • Accidents and injuries • Skin infections • Fever - malaria, measles. • IMNCI strategy	 Lecture discussion. Explain using charts. Preparation of ORS at clinic/ home Demonstration. Explain using slide. IMNCI protocols
5	15	20	 Assess the school child Need based counselling of children, teacher and parents. 	 pare of School children School health: Objectives, problems and programmes Environment of school Assessment of general health of school children Denial and eye problems Nutritional deficiencies School health education for 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education.

6.	5	5	• Explain the various, changes in the adolescents	children • Need based sharing of health information with teachers/ parents/children • Records and reports Care of adolescents • Physical growth during adolescence • Emotional and behavioural changes in girls and boys • Special needs of adolescents. • Sex education for adolescents	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using charts and models.
7	10	10	 Discuss the special needs of girl child Explain the effect girl child discrimination in the family and community Counsel mother and community on need for care of a girl child 	 Counselling Care of adolescent girls Menstruation and menstrual hygiene Special nutritional needs Early marriage and its affects Adolescent girls: pregnancy and abortion Preparing for family life- pre marital counseling. Role of ANM/ female health worker 	 Lecture discussion. Explain using charts. Health education.

- Case studies
- Breast feeding techniques
- Preparation of ORS