Syllabus and Regulations Auxiliary Nurse and Midwives

Indian Nursing Council

Combined Council Building, Kotla Road, Temple Lane, New Delhi -110002

Admission Terms and Condition

- 1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st December of the year in which admission is sought.
- 2. The maximum age for admission shall be 30 years.
- 3. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of 12 years of schooling (10+2 year course) recognized by CBSE/ICSE/SSSCE/HSCE or a recognized equivalent examination.

I Medical Fitness

Admission is subject to satisfactory medical examination report.

Course of Study

First Year

	Nursing Courses	Class ro	om hours		Experien	ce	
Sr. No.	Course title and description	Theory	Demon stration	Total	Hospital	Community	Total
Ι	Community Health Nursing	120	50	170	10	100	110
	Health Promotion	120	75	195	20	180	200
	A. Nutrition	35	30	65			
	B. Human body and Hygiene	35	20	55			
	C. Environmental Sanitation	20	15	35			
	D. Mental helath	30	10	40			
III	Primary health care nursing I-	130	150	280	90	300	390
	A. Infection and Immunization	25	20	45			
	B. Communicable disease	40	25	65			
	C. Community Helath Problems	30	50	80			
	D. Primary Medical care	20	20	40			
	E. First Aid and Referral	25	35	60			

IV	Child health nursing	75	110	185	80	100	180
	Total hours	450	385	835	200	680	880
	Total= 1720hours						

Second Year (First six months)

	Nursing Courses	Class roo	ass room hours		Experience		
Sr.	Course Title and	Theory	Demonstration	Total	Hospital	Community	Total
No.	descirption						
V	Midwifery	200	160	360	220	160	380
VI	Health centre Management	40	40	80	-	60	60
	Total hours	240	200	440	220	220	440

Total= 880 hours

Second Year (Internship-six months)

Sr. No.	Nursing Courses	Experien	Experience			
	Course title and description	Hospital	Community	Total		
i	Midwifery	240	240	480		
	• Antenatal ward	40				
	• Intranatal/ labour room	120				
	• Post natal ward	40				
	• Neonatal care unit	40				
ii	Child Health	80	160	240		
iii	Community health and health center management		160	160		
	Total hours			880		

Total= 880 hours in the internship period

Grand total- 1760 hrs.

Guidelines for intership:

a. The ANM students (in a group of 4-5) should beposted in the sub center/ primary health centre with a regular ANM for one month/ 4 weeks for super vised independent practice in the community which should be residential.

- b. The students should participate in all National Health and Family Welfare programms during their clinical experience.
- c. At least 80% of all the clinical requirements should be completed before appreating for the final (second year) examination.
- d. The principal of the ANM School should certify for each student that she has undergone successfully the internship program completed 100% of the clinical requirements and acquired the requisite competencies as listed in the syllabus before the award of the certificate/ diploma by the state nursing council/ examination board.
- e. The casebook and competency record book should be completed and signed by the competent authority of the school before appearing for the second year practical examination.

Scheme of Examination:

Theory and practical examinations at the end of the first year

Paper	Course	External Assessment	Internal Asessment	Duration
Theory	Community Health	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-I	Nursing			
Theory	Health Promotion	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-II				
Theory	Primary Health Care	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-III	Nursing			
Theory	Child Health Nursing	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper-IV				
Practical I	Community Health	100	100	-
	Nursing and Health			
	promotion			
Practical II	Child Health Nursing	100	100	-
	Total	500	300	-

Grnad total for first year 800 marks.

Paper	Course	External	Internal	Duration
		Assessment	Assessment	
Theory	Midwifery	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper V				
Theory	Helath Centre management	75	25	3 hrs.
Paper VI				
Practical	Midwifery	100	100	-
III				
Practical	Primary Health care nursing	100	100	3 hrs.
IV	and helath center			
	management			

Thepry and practical examinations at the end of the course, (Second Year)

Grand total for second year 600 marks

Note

Question paper for Nursing courses to be set by qualified nursing teachers only.

The venue for practical examination shall be Government District Hospital for

all the students of government and private ANM institutions.

Practical examination should be for only 10 students per day.

Supplementary examination should be conducted at six monthly intervals for the failures.

Internal assessment should be done on class test, assignments, report of visits and group work.

All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas and on patients.

One internal and One external examiners should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.

- Preparation of complementary feeds
- Assessment of growth and development of children
- Assessment of common childhood illnesses in infant, children and adolescent
- Poster on:
 - Growth and development
 - Prevention of common accidents in children
 - Menstrual cycle.
 - Physical changes in adolescence

Midwifery

Theory - 200 hours **Demonstration** - 160 hours **Total** - 360 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe male and female reproductive organs.
- 2. Explain process of conception and foetal development
- 3. Describe female pelvis and the muscles involved in delivery of foetus.
- 4. Conduct normal delivery and provide care to the newborn.
- 5. Provide care to pregnant mother during ante, intra and post natal period at home and hospital.
- 6. Provide need based counselling to the mother and to her family during .. antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Resuscitate the high risk new born baby
- 8. Identify high-risk pregnancies and refer them immediately for safe motherhood.
- 9. Identify deviation from normal labour in time and take necessary action.

- 10. Provide adequate care identifying abnormal puerperium.
- 11. Administer the drugs as per the protocols
- 12. Educate community for improving quality of life of the family.
- 13. Promote improvement in the status of women in society
- 14. Identify women's health problem and provide guidance and support.
- 15. Provide care and guidance to women with reproductive health problems.
- 16. Participate in reproductive health and family welfare programmes.

Unit	Tim	e	Expected	Contents	Teaching
	(Hrs	.)	Outcomes		learning
	Th.	Demo			Activities
1	8		 Describe structure and functions of female reproductive system Describe structure and functions of male reproductive system 	Human Reproductive System • Female reproductive organs - structure and function • Menstrual cycle • Male reproductive organs structure and functions • Process of conception	 Lecture discussion. Explain using birth atlas, posters, models charts and slides.
2.	6	2	 Describe female pelvis and its diameters and relation to foetal skull Explain the muscles and ligaments of the pelvic floor Describe foetal 	Female Pelvis and foetal skull • Structure of the pelvic bones-types of pelvis • Pelvic diameters • Muscles and ligaments of pelvic floor • Foetal skull : bones,	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using models, charts, slides and films.

			skull	diameters, sutures, size, shape, moulding, skull areas, fontanelles	
3.	5	5	 Explain growth and development of foetus Describe placenta, membrane and umbilical cord and their development • State the functions of placenta, membranes and cord. 	Foetus and placenta • Growth and development of foetus, foetal sac and amniotic fluid and foetal circulation and changes after birth • Structure and functions of placenta, membranes and umbilical cord and abnormalities Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using placenta, membrane, specimens • Practice session
4.	10	5	 Describe signs and symptoms of normal pregnancy Describe various tests for conformation of pregnancy Describe physiological changes during pregnancy Provide Care for minor ailments of pregnancy. 	 Normal pregnancy Signs and symptoms of pregnancy various diagnostic tests for conformation of pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Minor ailments during pregnancy and their management Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and family Welfare 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using Models and Charts.
5.	10	8	Provide	Antenatal Care	• Lecture

			antenatal care • Provide need- based information and guidance. • Advise diet and nutrition for the pregnant mothers • Identify risk factors and refer on time. • Prepare mother for delivery	 Registration Taking history of a pregnant woman. Physical examination, Investigation - routine and specific Prophylactic medications Need based health information and guidance Nutrition in pregnancy Special needs of a pregnant woman. Involvement of husband and family. Identification of high risks cases anc referral Preparation of mother for delivery. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	discussion. • Demonstration. • Practice session. • Supervised clinical practice.
6.	10	8	 Identify signs and symptoms of normal labour Demonstrate the mechanism of labour Detect a normal lie and presentation of foetus. Identify deviation from 	 Normal Labour Onset and stages of labour, physiological changes Changes in Uterine muscles, and cervix Lie, attitude, position, denominator and presentation of foetus. Foetal skull, Mechanisms of labour Identification of high 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Witness normal delivery Explain using partograph.

			normal progress of labour • Demonstrate plotting of t partograph	risk cases, foetal distress and maternal distress during labour • Partograph in the management of the normal labor Role of ANM/Female health worker and referral Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
7.	12	15	 Use partograph and perform Per Vagina examination. Assist and conduct child birth Resuscitate new- born Deliver the placenta Provide care to mother and newborn throughout delivery Perform necessary recordings 	Care during normal labour • History of labour • Importance of five 'C's • Monitoring progress of labour with partograph preparation for delivery • Care of mother in first and second stage of labour • Assist and conduct childbirth • Immediate care of new-born- resuscitation, apgar score, cord care • Oxytocin Misoprostol drugs: Dose, route, indication, contraindication, action, side effects precautions, role and responsibilities of	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using models, charts, films and slides partograph. Supervised clinical practice Practice session Case study.

r					_
				ANM/FHW	
				• Delivery of placenta	
				and examination of	
				placenta	
				• Care of mother in	
				third and fourth	
				stage: Recognise	
				degrees of tear and	
				appropriate care and	
				referral	
				• Establishment of	
				breast feeding,	
				exclusive breast	
				feeding	
				Kangaroo mother	
				care	
				• Baby friendly hospital	
				initiative	
				Record childbirth	
				and ensure birth	
				registration	
				Refer SBA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
8.	10	10	• Perform	Normal puerperium	• Lecture
			postnatal	Physiological Changes	discussion.
			assessment	during postnatal period	• Demonstration.
			• Identify	Postnatal assessment	 Supervised
			deviations from	• Minor ailments	clinical practice
			normal pure	during puerperium and	
			perium and take	their management	
			necessary care.	• Care of mother-diet	
			• Establish breast	rest, exercise,	
			feeding.	hygiene	
				• Management of	
			Provide need	breast feeding.	
			based	Prophylactic	
			information and	medicines	
				Special needs of	
			counselling	postnatal women	
				• Need based health	
		I			

9.	10	10	 Provide immediate care to normal new born Resuscitate new 	education. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare Care of New-born • Assessment of new born for gestation age, risk status and abnormalities	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Lecture discussion.
			 Nesuschate new born at birth Identify "at risk" neonate and state measures to be taken Give immunization as per routine Care for new - born with common minoi disorders 	 Neonatal resuscitation Monitoring of vital signs and birth weight Management of normal new-born and common minor disorders. Exclusive Breast feeding and management Temperature maintenance, kangaroo mother care Immunization Care of newborn: Jaundice, infection, 	• Demonstration.
				respiratory problems • Principles of prevention of infection • Educating mother to look after babies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
10.	5	10	 Identify a pre term / LEW baby and fulfill the special 	High risk New BornPre term / LowBirth weight babies.Special needs of high	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using

			needs. • Provide care required during special conditions in a new-born • Guide in home care of a high risk new -	risk babies • Care at home -referral and follow up • Care during asphyxia, convulsions, vomiting. • Care for thrush, cord sepsis, diarrhoea. • Implementation IMNCI protocol Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and "amily Welfare	charts.
11.	10	3	 Define MMR & IMR State the components of RCH programme Explain preventive measures for safe motherhood Safe mother-hood 	Safe mother-hood • Concept and cause of maternal mortality and morbidity ^e Safe motherhood components: RCH and NRHM • Preventive measures Role of ANM/ Female Health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using charts.
12.	10	5	 Identify high risk pregnancies Refer them in time ^e Counsel and involve 	 High risk pregnancies High risk pregnancies: Identification. Risk factors, decision making, and 	 Lecture discussion. Case study - 2 Supervised clinical practice. Demonstration

			husband and	management	
				management.Protocols and	
			family		
			members in high	standing orders:Referral and follow	
			risk pregnancies		
				up • Councelling and	
				• Counselling and	
				guidance about	
				high risk conditions	
				• Involvement of	
				husband and	
				family	
				Role of ANM/Female	
				Health worker	
				Refer SBA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
10	15	10			T and an
13	15	10	• Identify abnormalities of	Abnormalities of	• Lecture
				pregnancy	discussion.
			pregnancy in	• Common	• Demonstration.
			time	abnormalities of	
			• Refer to correct	pregnancy: hyperemesis	
			place in time	gravidarum, leaking	
			• State the	and bleeding per vagina	
			diseases	Anaemia of	
			that can affect	pregnant woman	
			during pregnancy	• Eclampsia and pre	
				eclampsia and toxaemia	
				of pregnancy	
				• Indication of	
				premature rupture of	
				membranes, prolonged	
				labour, anything	
				requiring manual	
				intervention, UTI,	
				puerperal sepsis.Obstetrical shocks:	
				• Uterine abnormalities,	

	1		1		r1
				ectopic pregnancy	
				• Diseases	
				complication	
				pregnancy - TB,	
				diabetes.	
				Hypertension	
				 Infections during 	
				pregnancy - RTI/ STIs	
				malaria, HIV, AIDS	
				• Rh factor	
				 Standing orders and 	
				protocols	
				• Role of ANM/ Female	
				Health worker	
				• Refer SBA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
14.	5.	5	• Identify types of	Abortion	• Lecture
			abortion	• Types of abortion,	discussion.
			• Prepare mother	causes of abortion	Suprarenal
			for termination of	• Need for safe abortion	Clinical practice
			pregnancy	- referral	• Observation.
			• Counsel for safe	Complications of	• Demonstration.
			abortion.	abortions	
				• Medical termination of	
				pregnancyCare of woman who	
				had abortion	
				• Role of ANM/ Health	
				worker Refer SBA	
				module of Ministry of	
				health and Family	
				Welfare	
15.	10	10	• Identify	Abnormal childbirth	• Lecture
	Ĩ	-	deviations from	Common	discussion.
			normal child	abnormalities of	• Demonstration.
			birth and refer in	childbirth	• Explain using
			time	Abnormal	through birth
			• Provide Care to	presentations	Atlas and
			the	Abnormal uterine	charts.
			mother in	actions	Explain using
					L'Aprain using

			emergency and while transferring to hospital. • Mobilise support from the family and community.	 Cephalo pelvic disproportion Prolonged labour Identification, immediate management and referral Emergency care of mother during transfer to hospital. Role of ANM/ Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	partograph.
16.	10	10	 Provide emergency care at the time of haemorrhage Identify the cause of different PPH. Identify causes of complications during puerperium and render adequate care. 	Abnormal Puerperium • Postpartum haemorrhage and its management. • Puerperal sepsis and its management • Retention of urine • Breast complications during lactation and • Psychiatric complications Role of ANM/Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	 Lecture discussion. Explain using charts through charts different types of PPH.
17	5	5	• Assist in various surgical intervention in the mother during labour	 Surgical Intervention Assisting in the fallowings: Induction of labour and its management 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration

			. Dandar t		
			• Render care to	- Forceps and Vacuum	
			mothers pre &	extraction	
			post operatively	- Episiotomy and	
			in surgical	suturing	
			intervention.	- Craniotomy	
				- Caesarean section	
				- Pre and post	
				operative care.	
				- Role of ANM/	
				Female health worker	
				Refer SBA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
18	5	5	• Able to identify	Medications used in	• Lecture
			various medicines	midwifery	discussion.
			during child birth	• Pain relieving drugs	 Visit labour
			for mother and	Anaesthetic drugs	room.
			child.	• For uterine	• Demonstration.
			 Understand 	contractions	Any study any
			their action and	 For controlling 	book.
			care needed for	bleeding	
			the mother.	 For preventing 	
			• State the dosage	postnatal infection.	
			of these	• For preventing	
			medicines for	eclampsia	
			mother and child.	 Antibiotics 	
				• IV fluids	
				• Role of ANM/ Female	
				health worker	
				Refer SDA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
19.	3	-	• Describe the	Life cycle approach	• Lecture
			concept of quality	• Quality of life and life	discussion.
			of life	expectancy	
			• Explain how	• People's health	
			quality of life	throughout the life	
			affects life	cycle	
			expectancy and	• Role of education	
			peoples health	economic status,	
			• Describe role of	social status on	

			education on	quality of life	
			quality of life	• Holistic approach to	
			quality of file	life.	
				Refer SBA module of	
				Ministry of health and	
				Family Welfare	
				I annry Wenale	
20.	5	-	• Explain status of	Status of women and	• Lecture
			women in Indian	empowerment	discussion.
			society	• Status of women in	• Demonstration.
			• Enumerate	society	• Visit family of
			factors	• Factors affecting	an under
			affecting women	status - gender	privileged
			status	bias, sex selection	group.
			• Describe the	tests, female	• Group
			importance of	foeticide and	discussion.
			women's health	infanticide sex ratio	
			• Explain the	discrimination and	
			programmes for	exploitation	
			empowering	• Effect of tradition,	
			women	culture and literacy	
			in the society.	• Relationship	
				between status of	
				women and	
				women's health.	
				• Effects of women's	
				health in	
				community : single,	
				divorced deserted	
				woman, widows	
				special needsLaws related to	
				women.	
				• Programmes for women's	
				empowerment.	
				Refer SBA module	
				of Ministry of	
				•	
				health and Family Welfare	
21	10	10	• Explain the		• Looturo
21.	10	10	• Explain the	Women's health	• Lecture

			complications related to child birth. • Identify common and emergency complications and provide care • Take pap smear	 problems Complications related to childbirth WF, RVF, prolapse and incontinence. Cervical erosion and leucorrhoea pruritus Cancers - cervical and breast: Pap smear for detection of cancer cervix Tumours - fibroids Menstrual disorders Menopause and its implications. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	discussion. • Demonstration. • Case study of a women at menopause
22.	6	4	 Describe causes signs and symptoms of STI and RTI Describe the treatment for the STFs and RTI Education on prevention and treatment of RTI's and STIs 	RTIs and STIs • Causes and signs and symptoms of STIs and RTIs • Syndromic approach for treatment • Referral treatment and follow up care. • Information, education and communication for prevention and treatment.	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education. Case study.
23.	6	10	 Explain the cause, effect and prognosis of HIV/AIDS Counsel the HIV positive 	HIV /AIDS • Epidemiological facts related to spread of infection • Methods of transmission	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain HIV/ AIDS through charts and

			persons • Explain home care for HIV/AIDS patients	 Effect on immunity and signs and symptoms The AIDS patient community support and home care Counselling: process and techniques Counselling of HIV / positive patients and pregnant women. Standard safety ' measures Voluntary counseling and testing center (VCTC) / Integrated counseling and testing center (ICTC) activities Care continuum and Anti Retro viral 	models. • Role/play.
				 Care continuum and Anti Retro viral Therapy(ART) Prevention of parent to child transmission 	
				(PPTCT): prophylaxis and breast feeding guidelines	
24.	2	2	 Identify cases of infertility Provide counselling to infertile couples Refer and provide follow up care to infertility cases. 	Infertility • Classification and Causes of infertility in male and female • Investigation and treatment • Identification of couples, counselling, referral and follow up. • Role of ANM/ Female Health worker	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using charts and posters. Case study.
25.	4	3	• Explain the	Population	• Lecture

			 impact of population explosion specially on health Enumerate Birth Rate, Death Rate, Net Reproductive Rate etc. Describe the scope of Family Welfare programme. Discuss trends in health and family welfare programmes 	Education • Population trends in India • Vital statistics birth and death rates, growth rate, NRR, fertility rate, couple protection rate, family size. • National family Programme trends and changes RCH-I, RCH-II programme and NRHM • Target free approach forTW • Role of mass media andIEC • Role of ANM/ health worker	discussion. • Visit office of DFWO • Explain using vital statistics.
26.	8	5	 Prepare eligible couple register Describe the different methods of contraception and their effects. Provide guidance to the adopters Provide need based counselling related to contraception. 	 Family welfare Identification of eligible couples and those need contraceptive methods. Information related to contraception and importance of choice. Natural and temporary methods of contraception Permanent methods New methods nor- plant and injectables. Emergency contraception Follow up of contraceptive users. Counselling 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Case study. Health education

		• Role of ANM/female Health worker	

Suggested activities for Evaluation

- Taking of history and antenatal examination.
- Demonstration of vaginal examination
- Plotting of partograph during labour
- Return demonstration of normal delivery using five 'C's
- Demonstration of perineal care
- Essential Care of newborn
- Apgar score and resuscitation of a new born baby.
- Health education on exclusive breast-feeding
- Midwifery case book.
- Demonstration of immunization
- Drug book
- Records and reports
- Case studies
- Preparation of posters on methods of Family Welfare
- Demonstration of IUCD insertion,
- Information Education and Communication
- Calculation for \1tal indicators

Health Center Management

Total - 80 hours

Theory - 40 hours

Demonstration - 40 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Organise sub center and clinics to carry out scheduled activities.
- 2. Indent and maintain necessary stock

- 3. Participate in the implementation of National health programmes
- 4. Update knowledge and skills
- 5. Provide guidance to TEA, AWW, ASHA and other voluntary health workers.
- 6. Collaborate and coordinate with other health team members and agencies
- 7. Maintain records and reports

Unit	Tim	e	Expected	Contents	Teaching learning
	(Hrs.)		Outcomes		Activities
	Th.	Demo			
1	10	5	 Organize and set up a sub centre Prepare a sub centre activity plan Conduct meetings Conduct clinics at sub centre. Display health messages. 	 The sub center Organization of functions and facilities of sub centre Sub centre activity plans Conduct a clinic and special programs and follow up Conducting meetings and counselling sessions. Sub centre action plan Information, education and communication Display of messages 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Visit sub centre Attend a clinic at the sub centre.
2.	4.	10	• Write indents	Maintenance of	• Lecture

	1	1	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			and	stocks	discussion.
			stock position	• Maintenance of	• Explain using
			• Prepare weekly	supplies, drugs,	stock register,
			and monthly	equipment, stock,	indents etc to
			reports.	indenting.	monthly
				Calculation of	reports of the
				indent as per	students.
				population	Calculation of
				requirement	indent as per
				Management	population
				information and	requirement
				evaluation	• Explain the
				system(MIES)	various
				- Maintenance of	records
				records.	
				- Reports of sub	
				centre.	
3.	6	5	• Establish co-	Co- ordination	• Lecture
			ordination with	• Inter-sectoral co-	discussion.
			different	ordination	 Visit local govt
			organization	Co-ordination	departments,
			working in the	with school	NGOs and discuss
			area.	teachers,	their
				ASHA, anganwadi	programs.
			• Demonstrate	workers, panchayat	
			good	• Role of NGOs and	
			relationship with	co-ordination with	
			them.	government	
				departments.	
4.	10	10	• Enumerate the	Implementation of	• Lecture
			National Health	national health	discussion.
			programs	program	• Visit a TB and
			• Describe the role	National Health	a leprosy
			of	programs and the	patient and
			ANM in these	role of the ANM	observe DOTS
			programs.	• Detection, referral, treatment and	program and MDT carried
				follow up of cases	out by health

				of malaria, leprosy tuberculosis, blindness, goiter.	workers.
5.	10	10	 Demonstrate ability in writing reports in correct language Understand the scope of her career advancement and self development 	Update knowledge • Continuing education for self development - circulars, hand- outs, meetings, journals. • Methods of self development • Interacting with community • Improving writing speaking abilities in local language and English	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Role /play Exercise on Reading Summerisation Comprehension Practice in public speaking.

Suggested activities for Evaluation

- Detection of tuberculosis, malaria, leprosy etc
- Assignment on records and reports maintained at sub centre.
- Peer group teaching on DOTS & MDT.
- Participation of national health programmes at CHC/PHC/SC
- Assignment on organization of sub-centre/clinics

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING AND HEALTH PROMOTION

Hospital - 30 hours

Community - 280 hours

Total-310 hours

Expected Competency	Hospital Experience	Community Experiences
 Describe community structure Community assessment and home visiting. Health assessment of individuals of different age groups 	• Interviewing, Physical and health need assessment of (five) persons.	 Visit village for understanding the village mapping, physical, social and resources structure of the village. Conduct community need assessment Prepare and use questionnaire for home visits and assessing health
		concepts, behaviours, concepts and practices of five families.
• Describe health organization and team responsibilities.		• Visit to SC/PHC/CHC and prepare a report including organization, functions and the responsibilities of team members Prepare the organization chart.
 Perform nutritional assessment Conduct IEC activities related to nutrition 	Identifies, assesses two patients with malnutrition	 Group work on: Nutrition exhibition in a school / health centre. Cooking demonstration for a group of women in a village. Prepare and maintain a

	nutrition practical book.
• Assess personal hygiene,	Assess personal hygiene
and health education.	of five children in a school
	based on an assessment
	performa.
	Conduct IEC activities
	related to personal hygiene
Assess environmental	• Using a guideline each
sanitation	group assesses a
Conduct IEC activities	community's
related to environmental	environmental sanitation,
sanitation	organizes discussion with
	community and prepares
	plan of action.
	• Disinfects one well and
	one tube well or any other
	activity based on
	community needs.
	Prepare reports.
• Assess mental health of	Assesses mental health
an individual and counsel	of two persons
or refer.	Health education
	Referral
	• Prepare a report.

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Hospital - 80 hours Community - 100 hours Total - 180 hours

Expected Competency	Hospital Experience	Community Experiences
 Assess growth and development of children. Assess health status of children. 	 Assess growth and development of 10 children of different ages and record on chart. Assess health status of 10 sick children. 	 Assess growth and development of 10 children of different ages and record on chart. Conducts a school health clinic, assesses growth, identifies problems and refers Conducts health

Care of the sick child.	 Give care to 5 children as per the IMNCI protocol Give care to 5 children each with diarrhoea and ARI. Demonstration, preparation and use of ORS to parents. 	education sessions for school children - 2 sessions. • Assess health status of 10 children • Give care to 5 children as per the IMNCI protocol • Give care to 5 children each with diarrhoea and ARI • Give care to children with other ailments • Demonstrate, preparation and use of ORS to parents. • Identify and refer
		 Identify and refer children at high risk Demonstrate home care for a child with diarrhoea and ARI
• Counsel mothers about feeding of infants and young child	Counsel mothers about breast feeding	 Identify and counsel 2 mothers with problems related to breastfeeding. Demonstrate complementary food preparation and use.

*- Number of cases may be from clinical or community

MIDWIFERY

Hospital - 220 hours Community - 160 hours

Total - 380 hours

Expected Competency	Hospital Experience	Community Experiences
• Assessment and care of	• Detecting pregnancy	Registration and
normal pregnant women.	using pregnancy testing	management of vital
	kit. Registration of ant-	events registers.
	enatal mothers.	Conduct antenatal
	• Pre conception	examinations at home.
	counselling.	

 Conducting normal delivery. Recognise different degrees of tears, give emergency care and refer. 	 Measuring the blood pressure, pulse and fetal heart rate, checking for pallor and edema and determining the fundal height, fetal lie and presentation accurately. Hemoglobin estimation and testing urine for protein and sugar Examine 20 antenatal women (in the hospital and community) Provide IFA supplements and administer TT injection to 10 women. Maintain midwifery case book Conducting pelvic assessment to determine pelvic adequacy. PV examination 5 Plotting the partographs and deciding when to refer the women. Conducting 10 safe deliveries (in the hospital and community), with active management of third stage of labour, using infection prevention 	 Participate in antenatal clinics in the sub center Malaria testing for pregnant mothers Counseling on birth preparedness, complication readiness, diet and rest, infant feeling, sex during pregnancy, domestic violence and contraception. Conduct deliveries in the community (health centers preferably anc home).
	deliveries (in the hospital and community), with active management of third	
• Assessing and care of	5 episiotomies and tears. • Provide essential care of	• Follow up of 10 postnatal
postnatal mothers and newborns	 the newborn-10 Basic Resuscitation of the newborn-5 	 nonow up of 10 postilatal mothers for 10 days \v1th at least 3 home visits. Care of newborns in the

	• Managing/Counseling on	home-10
	postpartum care and	• Conduct health education
	nutrition	for groups of mothers and
	• Counseling/ supporting	individuals-2 each.
	of mothers for breast	• Integrate accepted
	feeding and preventing/	practices of AYUSH
	managing breast feeding	
	problems	
	Counseling for	
	Kangaroo Mother Care	
	Care of postnatal	
	mothers 10 (in the	
	hospital and community)	
	Conduct health	
	education for groups of	
	mothers and individuals-3	
	each	
	 Follow infection 	
	prevention and	
	biomedical waste	
	management in the labour	
	room and sub center.	
Assessing and referring	Identify high-risk	• Do a case study of a
mothers at risk	mothers and give care	complicated childbirth in
moulors at lisk	Prepare for caesarean	the village.
	sections-2	Conduct a village
	Observe caesarean	C
		meeting for emergency
	sections-2 Observe	transport of women in
	abnormal deliveries 5	labour and at risk.
	• Prepare for MTP and	• Identify and refer
	observe procedure-2	women with unwanted
	• Take care of women	pregnancy for MTP
	with abortion-2	• Interview any 10 women
	• Insert a urinary catheter	and list reasons for unsafe
	in women	motherhood and abortion.
	 Preparation and 	• Identify high risk
	administration of oxytocin	mothers 5 and newboms 5
	drip	and refer them to the
	Bimanual compression	higher center.
	of the uterus for the	

	management of PPH.	
	Care of mother with	
	HIV	
	• Digital removal of	
	<u> </u>	
	retained products of	
	conception for incomplete abortion	
	• Provide post abortion	
	care.	
• Counsel eligible couples	• Counseling of	Counsel eligible couples
about different methods of	mother/couples for family	on different methods of
contraception.	planning	contraception.
 Prepare acceptors for 	• Prepare and assist for	• Perform 2 IUCD
sterilization and IIJCDs	sterilization of 5 female	insertions (in the hospital
• Detection of cervical	and 2 male cases (in the	or community) Distribute
cancer	hospital or community)	oral pills-5 Demonstrate
	• Insertion of intra uterine	the use of condoms and
	devices and prescription of	distribute condoms-5
	contraceptives	• Visual inspection of the
	• Perform 2 IUCD	cervix and taking a pap
	insertions (in the hospital	smear test-2
	or community)	
	• Distribute oral pills-5	
	• Demonstrate the use of	
	condoms and distribute	
	condoms-5	
	• Visual inspection of the	
	cervix and taking a pap	
	smear test-2	

Clinical requirements to be completed during the internship period:

In addition to practicing and gaining competency in the above mentioned skills, the students are expected to complete the following requirements during the internship period:

• Assessment and care of normal pregnant	• Examine 15 antenatal women (in the	
woman	hospital and community)	
Conduct normal delivery	Conducting pelvic assessment to	

• Recognize different degrees of t ears	determine pelvic adequacy PV
give emergency care and refer	examination 5
	• Conducting 10 safe deliveries (in the
	hospital and community), with active
	management of the third stage of labour,
	using infection prevention practices.
	• Assist in the suturing of 5 episiotomies
	and tears
Assessment and care of postnatal	• Provide essential care of the newborn-
mothers and newborns	10
	• Basic Resuscitation of the newborn-5
	• Care of postnatal mothers 10 (in the
	hospital and community)
• Assessing and referring mothers at risk	• Take care ol women with abortion-2
• counsel eligible couples about different	• Prepare and assist for sterilization of 5
methods of contraception	female and 2 male cases (in the hospital
• Prepare acceptors for sterilization and	or community)
IUCDs	• Perform 3 IUCD insertions (in the
• Detection of cervical cancer	hospital or community)
	• Distribute oral pills-5
	• Demonstrate the use of condoms and
	distribute condoms-5
	• Visual inspection of cervix with Acetic
	acicl-2
Management of sick neonates and	• Assessment and care of 5 sick neonated
children (IMNCI)	and 5 sick children as per the IMNCI
	protocols

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE NURSING AND HEALTH CENTRE MANAGEMENT

Hospital - 90 hours Community - 360 hours Total - 450 hours

Expected	Hospital Experience	Community
Competency		Experience
• Administer immunization safely.	 Perform immunization for infants and children DPT, measles, BCG, oral polio, hepatitis and maintains record in health centre or hospital. Injection safety measures 	 Perform immunization for infants and children- DPT, measles, BCG hepatitis oral polio and maintains record. Plans and conducts two immunization sessions in the village and sub-centre and records. Injection safety measures
• Give care to the sick.	• Give care to sick people in the health centre \ hospital.	 Assess and take care of sick patients at home. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH Refers patients to hospital \ health centre and follow up.
• Provide first aid in various emergencies.	• Practice bandaging, splints, slings	• Provide first aid in the health center/ clinic and maintain records.
• Provide primary medical care.	 Administers medication Treatment of minor ailments 	 Conduct health camps Administers medications and refers patients if required Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH
 Organize and manage sub centre Render care at home. 		Intensive experience at a sub -centre and participate with the ANM / FHW in - - Organizing various clinics

- Indenting
- Maintaining stock
books
- Management
information and
evaluation system (MIES)
: vital statistics, family
folders / eligible couple
registers, records and
reports etc.
- Providing emergency
care.
- Home visits and pre,
post and intranatal care at
home